

A Bill to Reaffirm U.S. Hegemony in the Middle East

1. Be it enacted by this FFL Congressional Debate here assembled that:
2. Section I: A. The United States will send 1,000 troops to the Prince Sultan Air
3. Base in Saudi Arabia.
4. B. The United States will also send its fighter jets to fly missions over
5. Iraq and Syria on a weekly basis.
6. C. The relocation of troops and fighter jets will be accompanied by
7. \$100 million in military aid for the refurbishment of the Prince
8. Sultan Air Base and \$500 million dollars in military aid to the
9. Saudi government.
10. Section II: A. Military aid shall be defined as money intended for weapons,
11. military infrastructure.
12. Section III: This bill will be implemented on March 1st, 2021.
13. Section IV: A. The Department of Defense will oversee the implementation and
14. enforcement of this legislation.
15. B. CENTCOM will oversee the air patrol conducted by the fighter
16. jets.
17. Section V: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Michel Kaiser, American Heritage School Boca/Delray

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 2. “Humanitarian aid” is defined as physical assistance that exists as, but is not limited to, food, water, and medicine. “Infrastructural needs” include water infrastructure, hospitals, and schools.

SECTION 4. The Department of State will oversee the implementation of this
legislation and perform yearly reports that will be given to Congress.

10 USAID shall be the department agency overseeing this operation, working
11 in conjunction with local NGOs and other regional humanitarian actors. If
12 there are any instances of misuse uncovered in the congressional audits,
13 aid shall be rescinded.

14 **SECTION 5:** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Elena Martinez, American Heritage School

Boca/Delray

A Bill to Restore Judicial Transparency in India

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. The United States shall send 100 million dollars in judicial aid to India
3 with the goal of producing institutional and legal safeguards.

4 SECTION 2. Judicial aid shall be defined as money provided to the Indian Parliament
5 to strengthen constitutional order. Institutional and legal safeguards shall
6 be defined as data collection laws that protect the Indian citizen from
7 governmental overstep.

8 SECTION 3. This legislation will take effect on October 1, 2021.

9 SECTION 4. The Department of State, along with USAID, shall be responsible for the
10 implementation and enforcement of this legislation.

11 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Madison Resnick, American Heritage School

Boca/Delray

The Build Back Better Act

1 Be it enacted by this FFL Congressional Debate here assembled that:

2 SECTION I: A \$25 carbon fee shall hereby be imposed on all fossil fuels and other
3 greenhouse gases at the point where they first enter the economy. After the
4 initial year of implementation, this fee shall increase by \$10 dollars per
5 year until the US hits net-zero carbon emissions.

6 SECTION II: In order to ensure international competitiveness, Carbon-Fee equivalent
7 tariffs shall be charged for goods entering the U.S. from countries without
8 a comparable Carbon Fee policy. Carbon-Fee equivalent rebates shall be
9 used to reduce the price of exports to such other countries.

10 SECTION III: This legislation will take effect Fiscal Year 2022.

11 SECTION IV: The Department of Energy and EPA will regulate carbon emissions, the
12 State Department will enforce the border-free adjustment, and the Treasury
13 Department and IRS will collect the tax.

14 A. All fees collected as a result of this act shall be placed in a Carbon
15 Fee Trust Fund that will be rebated to American households in the
16 form of equal monthly per-person dividend payments ($\frac{1}{2}$ payment
17 per child under 18 years of age). The total value of all monthly
18 dividend payments shall represent 100% of the net carbon fees
19 collected per month.

20 SECTION V: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Aryan Ranjan, American Heritage Broward.

A Bill to Repeal the 1033 Program

1 Be it enacted by this FFL Congressional Debate here assembled that:

2 SECTION I: The 1033 program shall hereby be terminated.

3 SECTION II: The 1033 program shall be defined as a statute authorized by the 1997

4 National Defense Authorization Act that allows the Department of

5 Defense to give excess military equipment to state, county, and local law

6 enforcement agencies.

7 SECTION III: This legislation will take effect Fiscal Year 2022.

8 SECTION IV: The Department of Defense shall be in charge of implementing this

9 legislation.

10 A. \$500 million shall be reallocated from the budget of the

11 Department of Defense to buy back military equipment from law

12 enforcement agencies that have participated in the 1033 program.

13 B. Law enforcement agencies shall not be required to sell military

14 equipment previously obtained through the 1033 program.

15 SECTION V: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Christian Rodriguez, American Heritage Broward.

1 WHEREAS, millions of students attend American colleges and universities each year;
2 and
3 WHEREAS, the cost of higher education is rising at an unprecedented rate; and
4 WHEREAS, students of all income levels can no longer rely on private universities to
5 provide them with affordable education opportunities; and
6 WHEREAS, the cost of attendance for many universities, both public and private, can
7 be extremely difficult to calculate, leading to poor financial decisions; and
8 WHEREAS, automatic merit-based scholarships for public universities have been
9 implemented in certain states, using a number of objective educational
10 students, including but not limited to: GPA, SAT/ACT scores, and
11 community service hours; and
12 WHEREAS, such programs have led to an increase in positive financial and
13 educational outcomes for minority and low-income students; now,
14 therefore be it
14 RESOLVED, By the Congress here assembled that the US Federal Government, in
16 conjunction with the US Department of Education, work with state
17 governments to establish and fund automatic merit-based scholarships
18 for public colleges and universities.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Maxton Torres, Belen Jesuit

The Employee Free Choice Act

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 Section 1: The National Labor Relations Act will be amended to establish an
3 efficient system to enable employees to form, join, or assist labor
4 organizations, to provide for mandatory injunctions for unfair labor
5 practices during organizing efforts, and for other purposes.

6 A. This will allow for any labor union that collects the signatures
7 from a majority of the workers at any given enterprise to be
8 recognized without the need for a separate vote.

9 B. Employers and unions must enter collective bargaining agreements
10 within 120 days of Union recognition.

11 Section 2: A. A Labor Union will be defined as, an organized association of
12 workers, often in a trade or profession, formed to protect and further their
13 rights and interests.

14 B. Collective Bargaining Agreement will be defined as, a written
15 contract negotiated through collective bargaining for the
16 employees of a firm by one or more trade unions.

17 Section 3: This legislation will go into effect on January 1st, 2022.

18 Section 4: The National Labor Relations Board in conjunction with the U.S
19 Department of labor shall oversee the enforcement of the bill.

20 Section 5: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null
21 and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Cardinal Newman High School

**The Z.I.M.M.E.R.M.A.N. (Zealously Integrated Multiple Mechanisms Effectively
Reversing Malicious Attacks Now) Resolution**

- 1 WHEREAS, Cyber warfare is the inevitable next frontier of war; and
- 2 WHEREAS, The President’s Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has reported
- 3 that United States government agencies are hit with over 30,000 cyber
- 4 attacks every year; and
- 5 WHEREAS, The United States is already falling behind to other global superpowers
- 6 such as Russia and China when it comes to cyber capabilities; and
- 7 WHEREAS, For the United States to remain the global hegemon, we will need to
- 8 ensure that our military capabilities are second to none; now, therefore, be
- 9 it
- 10 RESOLVED, That the Congress here assembled strongly encourage an increase in the
- 11 use of cyberwarfare along with a continued use of traditional warfare; and,
- 12 be it
- 13 FURTHER RESOLVED, An increase in funding shall be given to the Department of
- 14 Defense (DOD) and Department of Homeland Security (DHS) for the sole
- 15 reason of improving our nation's cyber defense and cyber attack
- 16 capabilities.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Zack Zimmerman, Fort Lauderdale High School

A Resolution to Render Aid to Those with Mental Illness

1 Whereas: One fifth of individuals who are incarcerated have a mental illness; and

2 Whereas: The nation's jails and prisons have replaced hospitals as the primary
3 facility for mentally ill individuals; and

4 Whereas: Mentally ill inmates are more likely to commit suicide; therefore, be it

5 RESOLVED By the Congress here assembled that the United States Department of
6 Justice should work in conjunction with states to provide assistance to the
7 mentally ill in order to decrease incarceration rates and provide medical
8 care to those individuals.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by G. Holmes Braddock HS

A Bill to Halt Arms Sales to Saudi Arabia

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. The United States will no longer provide arms and tactical intelligence to
3 Saudi Arabia.

4 SECTION 2. Arms shall be defined as any instrument of war designed with the intent to
5 harm individuals.

6 A. Tactical Intelligence shall be defined as any information that can
7 be used to support war effort in any way.

8 SECTION 3. This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage.

9 SECTION 4. The Department of Defense will oversee the implementation of this bill.

10 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rhea Thakkar, Lake Mary Preparatory School

**A Bill to Establish Corrective Labor Centers as an Alternative form of Punishment and be
Paid Minimum Wage**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. This bill will allow for the establishment and use of labour camps as a
3 form of alternative imprisonment in all of the United States and when
4 chosen will carry a shorter sentence.

5 SECTION 2. Labour shall be defined as productive activity, especially for the sake of
6 economic gain. Corrective shall be defined as a means of correcting.
7 Federal Crimes shall be defined as an act that is made illegal by U.S.
8 federal legislation.

9 SECTION 3. This bill will go into effect March 1st, 2021.

10 SECTION 4. The Department of Justice shall oversee this bill and all centers.

11 A. This will have the option to be applied to those convicted of
12 federal crimes only when requested by the convict.

13 B. Training will be provided to workers and given medical treatment
14 in the event of injury.

15 C. All convicts will be paid at minimum wage according to their state.

16 D. A biannual review will be conducted of the facilities and workers
17 to ensure they are being treated properly and are healthy.

18 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Ryan Smith, Lake Nona High School

A Bill to Abolish the Use of Solitary Confinement in Prisons to Encourage the Rehabilitation of Prisoners

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. This Bill proposes the complete abolition of Solitary Confinement in all public and private prisons in the United States.

SECTION 2. Solitary Confinement is a form of imprisonment distinguished by living in single cell with little or no meaningful contact with other inmates, strict measures to control contraband, and the use of extra security measures and equipment.

8 SECTION 3. This bill will go into effect January 2026.

9 SECTION 4. This will be overseen by the United States Federal Bureau of Prisons on a
10 national scale. The United States Department of Justice will oversee this
11 on a state level. Any funds needed for the reconstruction of prisons or
12 movement of prisoners caused by this legislation will be distributed via
13 the House and Senate Budget Committees once the budget is decided for
14 the Fiscal Year of 2022

15 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Diego Mahoney, Timber Creek High School

A Bill to Legalize Sex Work to Promote Safe and Ethical Practices

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. Brothels, prostitution, and other sex work is legalized.

3 SECTION 2. Brothels being an establishment that houses the action of prostitution,
4 prostitution is defined as the practice of sex work in exchange for
5 monetary compensation.

6 SECTION 3. This legislation will be enacted at the beginning of the 2022 fiscal year.

7 SECTION 4. The department of Health and Human Services will oversee the enactment
8 of this legislation. The IRS will oversee the taxation of labour.

9 A. Both clientele and sex workers must apply for license to practice,
10 and document and report interactions.

11 B. Both clientele and sex workers must be a legal adult of sound
12 mind.

13 C. Both clientele and sex workers are responsible for routine STD
14 screening and preventive measures for sexually transmitted
15 disease.

16 D. Transparency must be maintained on the above between both
17 parties.

18 E. Parties found violating this transparency and safety measures will
19 lose the ability to practice, as well as incarceration.

20 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Riley Lutz, Trinity Preparatory School

2021 FFL Varsity State Preliminary Round Legislation

A Bill to Spread Democracy to Belarus

1 Be it enacted by this FFL Congressional Debate here assembled that:

2 Section I: Given the disputed 2020 Belarusian presidential election, visa-blocking
3 sanctions shall be imposed on (1) members of the Central Election
4 Commission of Belarus, (2) government officials responsible for the
5 crackdown on independent media, or (3) an official of the Union State.

6 Section II: The Union State is an international organization consisting of Belarus
7 and Russia.

8 Section III: This bill will go into effect immediately upon implementation.

9 Section IV: The Department of State and Secretary of State shall oversee the
10 enforcement of this piece of legislation.

11 A. Independent media will be expanded into Belarus in the Belarusian
12 language.

13 B. The government of Belarus will be monitored for receipts to ensure
14 they're not purchasing any technology or training meant to censor
15 the internet.

16 C. If found in violation, trade between the US and Belarus will be
17 ceased temporarily until the technology or training is relinquished.

18 Section V: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Olivia Klepk, West Orange High School

2021 FFL Varsity State Preliminary Round Legislation

The Health Care Reimbursement Reformation Act

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. National Health Insurance programs shall not negotiate provider reimbursement
3 rates below the total cost of the services rendered to a beneficiary/enrollee, to
4 ensure providers are not operating at a loss when servicing these patients.

5 SECTION 2. The total cost of services shall be defined as the expenses incurred by providers
6 to render the care, which include but are not limited to costs associated with
7 personnel, medication, equipment, and technology.

8 A. National Health Insurance Programs shall be defined as Medicare,
9 Medicaid, and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP).

10 B. Provider shall carry the same definition that it maintains under 42
11 CFR § 400.202 for Medicare, 42 CFR § 400.203 for Medicaid, and
12 42 CFR § 457.10 for CHIP. Beneficiaries and enrollees will be
13 defined in accordance to 42 CFR § 400.200 and 42 CFR § 457.10
14 respectively.

15 SECTION 3. This legislation will take effect on FY 2022.

16 SECTION 4. The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) shall be responsible for
17 implementing this legislation.

18 A. The US Department of Treasury shall make available all necessary
19 funds to the Medicare, Medicaid, and CHIP programs to implement this
20 legislation.

21 B. The Payroll Tax for Medicare shall be increased from 1.45% to 2.5% for
22 both employers and employees.

23 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Perry Gilberd of Western High School.